

Specifications / Spécifications / Technische Daten / Specifications

Producer Original Style Ltd, Falcon Road, Sowton Industrial Estate, Exeter, Devon EX2 7LB, England, declares that their Victorian dry pressed floor and wall tiles for internal and external uses are in conformity with 89/106/CEE directive.	Das Unternehmen Original Style Ltd, Falcon Road, Sowton Industrial Estate, Exeter, Devon EX2 7LB erklärt, dass die trockengepresste Boden- und Wandfliesen „Victorian“ zur Verwendung in Innen- und Außenbereichen der Richtlinie 89/106/CEE entsprechen.
CE EN 14411 Dry pressed vitrified tiles group Blb for internal or external wall and flooring	CE EN 14411 Trockengepresste Steinezeugfliesen, Gruppe Blb zur Verwendung als Wand- und Bodenfliesen für Innen- und Außenbereiche
La société Original Style Ltd, basée à Falcon Road, Sowton Industrial Estate, Exeter, Devon EX2 7LB, confirme que ses carreaux pressés à sec Victorian, à usage intérieur et extérieur sur sols et murs, sont conformes à la directive 89/106/CEE.	Het bedrijf Original Style Ltd, Falcon Road, Sowton Industrial Estate, Exeter, Devon EX2 7LB, verklaart dat hun drooggeperste Victorian vloer- en wandtegels voor binnen- en buitengebruik, overeenkomstig zijn met de richtlijn 89/106/CEE.

Tested to Testé aux normes Getestet nach Geprüft volgens	BS EN ISO 14411, in conjunction with BS EN ISO 10545 parts 1-16 BS EN ISO 14411, en conjonction avec BS EN ISO 10545 sections 1-16 BS EN ISO 14411, in Verbindung mit BS EN ISO 10545 Teile 1-16 BS EN ISO 14411, in combinatie met BS EN ISO 10545 deel 1-16
Description Description Beschreibung Omschrijving	Annex H, dry pressed ceramic tiles with low water absorption 0.5 - 3%, Group Blb, vitrified Annexe H, carreaux en céramique pressés à sec, à faible absorption d'eau 0.5 - 3%, Groupe Blb, vitrifiés Annex H, trockengepresste Keramikfliesen mit niedriger Wasseraufnahme 0.5 - 3%, Gruppe Blb, verglast Annex H, droog geperste keramische tegels met lage waterabsorptie 0.5 - 3%, Groep Blb, verglaasd
Dimensions and surface quality Dimensions et qualité de surface Maße und Oberflächenqualität Afmetingen en oppervlaktekwaliteit	BS EN ISO 10545-2, Annex H: Conforms to all standards for dimension and surface quality BS EN ISO 10545-2, Annex H: conforme à toutes les normes pour les dimensions et la qualité de surface BS EN ISO 10545-2, Annex H: Entspricht allen Normen für Größe und Oberflächenqualität BS EN ISO 10545-2, Annex H: conform alle richtlijnen voor afmetingen en kwaliteit van oppervlakte
Working tolerances Marges de tolérance Fertigungstoleranz Werktolerante	From the work size: N<7cm +/- 0.5mm, 7cm ≤ N<15cms +/- 0.6% to a max of +/- 2.0mm De la taille réelle: N<7cm +/- 0.5mm, 7cm ≤ N<15cms +/- 0.6% jusqu'à un maximum de +/- 2.0mm Vom Wertmaß: N<7 cm +/- 0, 5mm, 7 cm ≤ N<15 cm +/- 0, 6% bis max. +/- 2, 0 mm Van tegelafmeting: N<7cm +/- 0, 5mm, 7cm ≤ N<15cms +/- 0, 6% tot een max van +/- 2, 0mm
Mohs scale surface resistance Résistance de surface selon l'échelle de Mohs Oberflächenhärtete nach Mohs-Skala Mohs schaal voor oppervlaktebestendigheid	7
Chemical resistance Résistance chimique Chemikalienbeständigkeit Chemische bestendigkeit	BS EN ISO 10545-13: conforms to standard UHA, ULA, UA BS EN ISO 10545-13: conforme à toutes les normes UHA, ULA, UA BS EN ISO 10545-13: Entspricht dieser Norm UHA, ULA, UA BS EN ISO 10545-13: conform richtlijnen UHA, ULA, UA
Thermal shock Choc thermique Thermoschock Thermale schok	BS EN ISO 10545-9: conforms to standard BS EN ISO 10545-9: conforme à toutes les normes BS EN ISO 10545-9: Entspricht dieser Norm BS EN ISO 10545-9: conform richtlijnen
Coefficient of restitution Coefficient de restitution Stoßfestigkeit Restitutie coefficient	BS EN ISO 10545-5: conforms to standard BS EN ISO 10545-5: conforme à toutes les normes BS EN ISO 10545-5: Entspricht dieser Norm BS EN ISO 10545-5: conform richtlijnen
Modulus of rupture and breaking strength Résistance à la flexion et à la rupture Zug- und Biegefesteigkeits Brekbaarheid en vastheid	BS EN ISO 10545-4, >1100N
Deep abrasion Abrasion profonde Tiefenabriebfestigkeit Diepe afschuring	BS EN ISO 10545-6: 1997: 24mm = 116mm³
Slip resistance in shod conditions Résistance au glissement avec chaussures Rutschfestigkeit bei Verwendung von Schuhen Slipbeständigkeit in droge omstandigheden	DIN51130: R10
Inclined platform test under wet bare foot conditions Test sur plateforme inclinée et mouillée, pieds nus Test auf schräger Bühne unter nassen Barfußbedingungen Hellingtest met natte voeten	DIN 51097: A
Suitability Usage Eignung Geschicklichkeit	Most commercial applications, interior, exterior heavy domestic locations. If in doubt please refer to our technical department for further advice. Conviient à la plupart des installations commerciales, et aux installations domestiques intérieures ou extérieures à usage fréquent. En cas de doute, prenez contact avec notre département technique pour de plus amples conseils. Für die meisten gewerblichen Anwendungen, Innen, Außen, stark bewohnte Wohnbereiche. Im Zweifelsfall fragen Sie bitte unsere technische Abteilung nach Rat. Meeste commerciële toepassingen, interieur en exterieur intensief huishoudelijk gebruik. Raadpleeg onze technische afdeling voor meer informatie in geval van twijfel.
Frost resistance Frost resistance advice	BS EN ISO 10545-12: No damage after 100 freeze thaw cycles. Tiles should not be laid on flat asphalt covered roofs in areas subject to frost. Tiles used outdoors should have an impervious screed coating on the substrate prior to installing and laid in such a way that rainwater drains freely off them and cannot penetrate beneath and between them. They should be sealed with a UV resistant impregnator to prevent water penetration. Natural climatic conditions such as snow may cause 'spalling' [where the tile surface flakes as a result of snow freeze/thaw]. No guarantees can be given against tiles being damaged by climatic conditions.
Résistance au gel Conseils vis-à-vis de la résistance au gel	BS EN ISO 10545-12: aucun endommagement après 100 cycles de gel et dégel. Il est déconseillé de poser les carreaux sur les toits plate enduits d'asphalte dans les zones sujettes au gel. Si les carreaux sont posés en extérieur, le substrat sur lequel ils reposent devra être recouvert d'un enduit imperméable et lissé avant l'installation, afin que l'eau de pluie s'en écoule librement sans s'infiltrer en dessous des carreaux ou entre ceux-ci. Les joints doivent être posés avec un imprégnateur résistant aux UV afin d'éviter toute pénétration d'eau. Des conditions climatiques naturelles, telle que la neige, peuvent entraîner l'éclatement des carreaux lorsque la surface des carreaux s'affrite suite au gel ou dégel de la neige. Nous ne pouvons donner aucune garantie contre l'endommagement de nos carreaux suite aux conditions climatiques.
Frostbeständigkeit Empfehlungen zur Frostbeständigkeit	BS EN ISO 10545-12: Beschädigungenfrei nach 100 Frost-Tau-Zyklen. Fliesen sollen nicht auf flachen Asphalt-Dächern in frostgefährdeten Gebieten verlegt werden. Im Außenbereich müssen Fliesen auf un durchlässigen Estrich so verlegt werden, dass Regenwasser frei abfließen und nicht unter bzw. zwischen den Fliesen eindringen kann. Es muss ein UV-beständiges Impregniermittel verwendet werden, um das Eindringen von Wasser zu verhindern. Aufgrund natürlicher Klimabedingungen, wie zum Beispiel Schnee, kann es zu „Abplatzungen“ kommen (wobei die Oberfläche der Fliesen aufgrund von Frost oder tiefem Schnee abplatzt). Eine Garantie gegen die Beschädigung von Fliesen durch klimatische Bedingungen kann nicht gegeben werden.
Vorstbeständigkeit Advies ten oanzien van vorstbestendigheid	BS EN ISO 10545-12: geen schade na 100 vorstdooicycli. Tegels dienen niet te worden gelegd op platte asfaltdekkens in gebieden met vorst. Voor tegels die buiten worden gebruikt, dient de ondergrond te worden voorzien van een ondoordringbare deklaag voordat ze worden gezet. De tegels dienen zodanig te worden gezet dat het regenwater zonder belemmering eraf afloopt, en niet tussen de tegels kan doordringen. Ze moeten worden afgestoten met een UV-bestendige impregneer om penetratie door het water te vermijden. Bepaalde weerstandigheid (waarbij het oppervlak van de tegels afsplintert als gevolg van sneeuw, vriezen/dooiën) kunnen leiden tot afbrokkeling. De garantie is niet van toepassing bij het beschadigen raken van de tegels door aan het weer gerelateerde factoren.

Slip Resistance: All plain Victorian Floor Tiles	Wet & dry walls (inc.showers and wet rooms) • For determining the coefficient of friction under wet and dry conditions using a Four S Rubber Slider (also known as Slider 96)
Shod Only	Shod Dry (4S96 Dry) = >50 Shod Wet (4S96 Wet) = >40 Barefoot Wet (TRRL55) = >26

Slip Resistance: All decorated Victorian Floor Tiles	Wet & dry floors Sols secs et humides Nass- und Trockenböden Naïte en droge vloeren
Shod Only	Shod Dry (4S96 Dry) = >63 Shod Wet (4S96 Wet) = >49 Barefoot Wet (TRRL55) = >35

Internal & external use Usage intérieur et extérieur Für Innen- und Außenbereiche Voor binnen- en buitengebruik	Slip potential Slip resistance value Barefoot Wet (TRRL 55 Wet)
Shod Only	High 19 and below
	Moderate 20 to 39
	Low 40 to 74

Important Information

Specifications - The dimensions provided are nominal (approximate). Specifications are determined from the work sizes which are the manufacturing specifications. Original Style maintains and work to Work Size Specification ranges as detailed in the Specifications Table for all Victorian Floor Tile products.

Installation - Before installing any tiles included in this brochure, please read the Original Style Victorian Floor Tiles Fixing Guide, www.originalstyle.com/guides/victorian-floor-tiles-fixing-guide. We strongly recommend that our tiles are laid by an experienced professional tiler. The satisfactory installation of all ceramic tiles depends on their application to a sound, level surface and use of the correct adhesive for that surface. Laying directly into wet cement is not recommended. Detailed guidelines are set out in BS5385: Part 3: 2014.

Grouting recommendations - Tiles should be spaced 2/3mm (1/16 - 1/8") apart and grouted with a grey cement based grout. Coloured grouts, including black, are likely to stain the tiles and are NOT recommended.

Protection against staining - Original Style Victorian floor tiles are unglazed and although they are classified as vitrified we recommend that they should be impregnated. We recommend impregnating before grouting, following cleaning and drying. Impregnate again, after grouting, cleaning and drying.

Internal use: An impregnator such as Lithofin KF Stain Stop or LTP Mattstone may be used to protect against permanent staining. Special care must be taken not to apply more than the tiles can absorb and any excess must be removed. The installation should then be sealed with a wax or acrylic surface coating, such as Lithofin KF Tile Polish to make cleaning easier.

External use: For outside installations, use a UV resistant impregnator to protect against permanent staining. Special care must be taken not to apply more than the tiles can absorb and any excess must be removed. Full sealing and cleaning recommendations are given in the Victorian Floor Tiles Fixing Guide at www.originalstyle.com/guides/victorian-floor-tiles-fixing-guide

Size variation - Dimensions provided are nominal. Due to the nature of the clay firing process tile dimensions may vary (See Specification page 102). Installers should particularly be aware that patterns consisting of tiles of one nominal size in two different colours may require increased grout spacing to allow for this variation.

Patterns and borders - Pattern and border swatch breakdowns shown on pages 7-77 have been calculated to include a 2mm 1/16" grout gap.

All the named patterns and borders in this brochure can be supplied in any combination of the colours listed in the Product Guide table on pages 100-101. Scales shown are approximate and should not be used in the detailed planning of floor layouts. Please see tile sizes in Product Guide table. The width of borders can be varied by adding or removing rectangles and/or trapeziums from the examples shown. In the picture captions throughout the brochure we have called patterns and borders that have been altered as 'based on' the original. The colour combinations shown are intended as guidelines only.

Cavendish Borders and Corners: the Cavendish border can be laid with the thicker line either on the outside or the inside of the overall scheme. Although the corners are called 'Internal' and 'External' they are interchangeable. It is advisable to establish your preference and ensure that all border and corner tiles follow the same pattern and lay it out first before installing the tiles.

Caution: The tile patterns, CAD drawings and borders are intended as approximate illustrations only. They should not be used as precise plans for any individual installation. In particular, tile cutting requirements - to finish pattern edges and to negotiate corners - will be different in each case. Original Style can accept no liability in respect of the reproduction of the designs.

Exterior use - Original Style floor tiles are suitable for outdoor use and are frost resistant, provided that they are laid in such a way that rainwater drains freely off them and cannot penetrate beneath and between them. Tiles should not be laid on flat, asphalt-covered roofs in areas subject to frost. Tiles laid outdoors should be impregnated with Lithofin KF Stain Stop or LTP Matt Stone to increase their water repellence.

Tile Colours and Surface Defects - Original Style Victorian Floor Tiles are manufactured using traditional clay and coloured stains to create authentic Victorian colours. However, modern manufacturing methods are used to ensure the tiles conform to the European Standard EN14411 Annex H for dry pressed ceramic tiles with low water absorption, Group Blb.

Our tiles are manufactured, carefully checked and monitored to offer consistent and high quality products within the constraints of the manufacturing methods applied. The dimensions and surface quality are governed by the requirements that are set out in the European Standard EN14411 Annex H and are tested in accordance with EN ISO 10545-2. We can confirm that all the tiles are manufactured to meet the requirements of these standards.

Surface quality standards dictate that 'a minimum of 95% of the tiles shall be free from visible defects that would impair the appearance of a major area of tiles'. EN ISO 10545-2 testing methods are as follows:

- At least 1m² and a minimum of 30 tiles should be examined
- Tiles are illuminated and viewed from a distance of 1 metre
- Tiles are illuminated at a level of 300 lux at the centre of the display and at the corners
- The preparation of the test area and the viewing for the test should not be performed by the same person

EN14411 allows for some superficial chips or marks on the tiles. This is standard within the ceramic industry as it is accepted that a percentage of the product will be cut during installation and therefore the tiles can be sorted accordingly.

Any such minor imperfections do not affect the technical performance of the tile, nor the overall beauty and quality once they are correctly laid and grouted in accordance with manufacturers' instructions. Because the tiles are made of natural clays, some shade variation may occur between one tile and another of the same colour. It is therefore important to ensure that such shade differences are evenly distributed before fixing to obtain a satisfactory blend.

The colours in the range are produced by adding stains to natural clay. Hand decorated tiles are screen printed with inks in colours that, whilst they complement the tile colours, may not match them exactly.



Light Reflectance Value (LRV) - All Victorian Floor Tiles are measured in-house for their Light Reflectance Value (LRV). Building regulations recommend that tiles with a 30 point LRV difference or more are selected for adjacent surfaces.

Tile colour	Light Reflectance Value
White	58
Dover White	60
Chester Mews	41
Buff	35
Red	12
Old London	34
Holkham Dune	27
Brown	10
Revival Grey	18
Grey	30
Regency Bath	23
Green	18
Blue	21
Pugin Blue	14
Black	9
Carnation Pink	37
Spring Green	39
Hawthorn Yellow	47

BS 8300 specifies the design of buildings and their approaches to meet the needs of disabled people including LRV aspects for partially sighted people. Please refer to the following for more information: BSI Code of Practice 'BS 8300:2009+A1:2010 Design of buildings and their approaches to meet the needs of disabled people'. Building Regulations Approved Document M